The Pittsburgh Gazette.

" PRODESSE CIVIBUS."

Vol. 35. PITTSBURGH. FRIDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 3, 1819. New Series, No. 136.

PUBLISHED (EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY) BY JOHN I. SCULL & MORGAN NEVILLE, on Fourth Street, between Market and Wood Streets—at $4 per Annum.

Town of PALERMO.

THE scite of this Town is on the bank of the Ohio river in Union county, state of Kentucky, immediately opposite the mouth of the Saline river, in the state of Illinois.

The Sale of Lots

will take place on the 20th day of October next, under the directions of the Commissioners appointed by the Court of Union county, and will continue from day to day, till Three Hundred are disposed of

THE TERMS OF SALE

will be one fourth down, one fourth in nine, one fourth in eighteen, and one fourth in twenty four months, with a deed of trust to secure the payment.

There is no situation on the Ohio between its source and mouth (with the exception of Louisville) which combines more or greater advantages than

PALERMO

—Union is allowed to be the most fertile county south of Green river, and the whole section of country between the Green and Cumberland rivers is well known to be peculiarly adapted to the culture of Tobacco than any other part of Kentucky. The population is increasing most rapidly, and by many of the most respectable and genteel families from Virginia, North Carolina and the old settled parts of Kentucky. This town is about 1200 miles above New-Orleans and lies in the direct course to Illinois, Missouri, Arkansaw, Kaskaskia and Red River countries, and shortens the distance at least thirty miles instead of going by Shawanee-town. In its immediate neighbourhood, are very large bodies of the richest land in the state—it is about 6 miles by water from the United States' Salt Works, and must become the deposit for the salt wanted in the adjacent counties of Kentucky, and a considerable portion of Tennesee.

PALERMO

is destined to become one of the greatest places on the whole river for steam works, having an inexhaustible coal mine within half a mile of the river, and the coal not a foot below the surface, and also within three or four miles of the town one of the richest ore banks in the western country.

PALERMO

possesses a great advantage over every other situation on the river above it, that steam-boats and others can at almost all seasons of the year come from and return to New-Orleans, there being never less than 12 feet water at its banks; the want of which advantage was severely felt from Pittsburgh as low as Shawaneetown last fall, at the former of which places an immense amount of goods was detained on account of the lowness of the water from September to December. An outfitting house at this place, getting goods immediately from Baltimore, New-York or from Europe direct by way of New-Orleans, and having one or two small steam boats, drawing not more than from two to two and an half feet water, would make incalculable profits by supplying the country as high as Louisville and up the different tributary streams of the Ohio with merchandize. The town is laid off on a beautiful plain or level extending from the river to the foot of the Curlew Hills, a distance of nearly a mile, and commands a fine view of the Ohio and Saline rivers.

Encouragement to Mechanics to settle in

PALERMO;

Fifty Lots

Will be given gratis in fee simple, (including those given to the acting Commissioners) also the use of pit coal for five years, for fuel, the use of an acre lot for five years for a garden, timber for the interior of a two story house, building stone from the Curlew hills, on condition that the grantee build and completely finish in two years a two story house aforesaid of brick or stone; the same privileges will be extented to purchasers at the first sale, but to no others. The situation is peculiarly well calculated for an industrious and prudent mechanic to realize a fortune in a short time; provisions are remarkably low, wages uncommonly high, and the savings of a few months can at any time be invested in the public lands by crossing over to Illinois, Indiana or Missouri, which will increase annually for years to come from 25 to 30 per cent.

PALERMO

is very healthy, well watered by a number of the finest springs, and at a distance of about eighteen miles are some of the most efficacious *White Sulphur* and *Salt Sulphur Springs* in the Western country, which are much resorted to. At the same time will be leased for a term of years, from

15 to 20 FARMS

of 175 ACRES each, of as rich lands as the state affords, adjoining the town; and every stick of wood, every fowl, pig, shoat, lamb, mutton, vegetable, pound of butter or pint of milk that the farmers can spare will find a certain and ready market from the steam boats.

The following trades would meet with most encouragement, viz. Brick-makers, Brick layers, Carpenters, Black-smiths, Wheelwrights, Coopers, Cabinet makers, Tanners & Curriers, Shoemakers, Hatters and Tailors. None however need apply except such as are masters of their trades and sober and industrious. Any letters directed to the subscriber at Frankfort, Ken. (post paid) will be duly attended to.

Patrick Hendren.

August 12, 1819.——4wcPHFt1stDec.

To Brewers.

A YOUNG MAN, who is a Brewer by profession, would undertake to carry on the BREWING in any part of the western country, in all its branches, for a moderate compensation. He understands the brewing of pale Ale, Porter and Beer. Recommendations as to abilities and character can be had from some of the most respectable houses in Baltimore. Letters addressed to P. C. and left at the post-office, Pittsburgh will meet with prompt attention.

August 31.

Notice.

S. & J. THOMSON

HAVING removed their goods to New-Lisbon, (Ohio) it becomes necessary for all those indebted to Samuel Thomson, or to the firm of S. & J. Thomson, to come forward and make payment of their accounts immediately.

Samuel Thomson will remain here, at his new Store-house, 3 doors above 5th, in Market street, for the purpose of settling accounts and receiving payment.

Pittsburgh, August 27.

The Store House lately occupied by S. & J. Thomson (No. 47) will be let on very low terms

Military Bounty Lands WANTED.

THE subscribers are authorised to purchase a quantity of Military Bounty Lands situate in the Missouri Territory, for which they will pay cash, and allow a liberal price for particular numbers.—Persons having warrants and wishing to sell will do well to forward immediately a description of the situation, numbers and townships in which they lay.

BOSLER & CO.

Pittsburgh, Aug. 27, 1819.

The editors of the Washington Reporter, the Genius of Liberty (Union town,) the Greensburgh Gazette and Steubenville Herald are requested to give the above three insertions and send their accounts to B. & CO.

Pittsburgh and Union Town

Turnpike Road through Birmingham, Elizabethtown and Perryopolis.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Books will be opened to receive subscriptions of stock for the above Road, upon Saturday the 9th of October next, at the following places, viz.

At the house of James B. Oliver, in the city of Pittsburgh.

At the house of Robert Shawhan, in Birmingham.

At the house of John Walker, in Elizabethtown.

At the house of Joseph Barnitz, in Perryopolis, and

At the house of Cuthbert Wiggins, in Union town.

The books will be kept open for six successive days—and Letters Patent incorporating the Company can be obtained when five hundred shares shall be subscribed.

Wm. Wilkins,	John Lyon,
George Steward,	John Witherow,
Philip Gilland,	Thomas Irwin.
George Sutton,	H. W. Beason,
Thomas Duncan	Geo. A. Bayard,
James Brice,	Jos. Barnitz,

COMMISSIONERS.

August 27.

$200 Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber on the 14th of July, a NEGRO man named FELT, aged between 30 and 35 years of age, dark complexion, about five feet 8 or 10 inches high—when spoken to has a down cast look, & speaks quick, walks with his toes out, he wore off a long tailed blue cloth coat and blue pantaloons, and other clothing not known. He is a *Tanner & Currier* by trade, and when at work has a remarkable brisk motion, being a first rate workman. It is probable he will make for the state of Ohio, and has, no doubt, procured a free pass, and will tempt to pass for a free man; he can read and write tolerably well. Should he succeed in getting to the state of Ohio, he will probably attempt to get work as a tanner. The above reward will be given if taken in the state of Ohio or Indiana, and all reasonable charges paid on delivery, or fifty dollars if taken in Kentucky or Virginia. He may possibly attempt to get to Madison county, Virginia, as I brought him from there about two years ago.

JAMES COLLINS.

Madison county, July 31——8

Miller and Wilson,

At their Store in Wood between Front and Water Streets,

HAVE FOR SALE,

JUNIATA BAR IRON,	Pittsburgh & Kentuck
Rolled ditto,	Manufac. Tobacco,
Nail and Deck Rods,	Spanish and country Sugars,
Crowley & Blister Steel,	Rappee & Scotch Snuff,
Sprigs, hinges & screws,	Rosin soap and candles,
Spinning-wheel Irons,	Powder, Shot and Lead,
Trace and Log chains,	Earthen & Queensware,
Patent beams and Steelyards,	Whiskey, Gin and Cherry-bounce,
Axes, hoes, shovels and Spades,	Allspice, pepper & nut megs,
Shingling hatchets, and claw-hammers,	Copperas, rosin, indigo,
Scythes and sickles,	Cheese, bacon and Venison hams,
Drawing-knives & Gridirons,	Mackarel, shad and Herring,
Ladles, skimmers, and flesh-forks,	Bed cords and Plough lines,
Carpenter's adze',	Rigging, fishing, chalk lines, etc. etc.
Plough Irons,	
Cow-bells,	
Castings, assorted,	

Tea, Coffee, Lump and N. O. Sugar,
Cut and Hammer'd Nails,

Coffee mills,	Window glass,
Curry combs,	Screw augers.

Pittsburgh, February 28, 1818.——

Domestic Broad Cloths.

Twenty Pieces

Domestic Broad Cloths,

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY,

For sale at the Manufacturer's prices

BY A. WAY & CO.

Market Street.

Pittsburgh, Aug. 27, 1819.——2aw2m.

New-Jersey NAVIGATION LOTTERY,

By authority of the State of New-Jersey, passed February 1819.

To be drawn at CAMDEN, opposite the city of PHILADELPHIA.

SCHEME.

1 prize of	20,000 Dollars	is	20,000
2	10,000 Dollars	is	20,000
4	5,000 Dollars	is	20,000
5	3,000 Dollars	is	15,000
6	2,000 Dollars	is	12,000
25	1,000 Dollars	is	25,000
20	500 Dollars	is	10,000
40	200 Dollars	is	8,000
60	100 Dollars	is	6,000
220	20 Dollars	is	4,400
7960	10 Dollars	is	79,600
8343 Prizes	16657 Blanks—Not two blanks to a prize.		

FLOATING PRIZES.

1	Prize of 10,000 Dollars	is	10,000
2	5,000		10,000
2	3,000		6,000
3	2,000		6,000
15	1,000		15,000
15	500		75,00
40	200		8,000
60	100		6,000
220	20		4,400
7960	10		79,60

STATIONARY PRIZES.

The first drawn Blank on the

1st day	$3,000	14th day	$1,000
2d	500	15th	1,000
3d	500	16th	1,000
4th	500	17th	1,000
5th	500	18th	2,000
6th	500	19th	2,000
7th	1,000	20th	2,000
8th	1,000	21st	3,000
9th	1,000	22d	3,000
10th	1,000	23d	5,000
11th	1,000	24th	10,000
12th	1,000	25th	20,000
13th	5,000		

WITHOUT DEDUCTION.

To draw THREE times a week, and 1000 numbers each day. Prizes payable without deduction, Sixty days after the drawing is completed, at the Camden Bank.

25,000 Tickets at 10 Dols.

INTERNAL NAVIGATION, the object of the above scheme, must be allowed by all, to be of the highest importance to these United States and every good citizen must feel himself deeply interested on every intimation of undertakings, having Internal Improvement in view, being set on foot, and be desirous of aiding according to his abilities, towards the promotion thereof.

Under these impressions, the Commissioners in presenting the above Scheme to a generous public, feel a confidence of general and universal support and encouragement, but more particularly from their sister States, Pennsylvania, New-York, Delaware and Maryland; who, we may safely say, have never appealed in vain to their sister state of New-Jersey; but on the contrary, have been, and ever will be, generously supported by her, in the like and other improvements.

As to the Scheme, the commissioners have endeavoured to suit it to the circumstances of all The low price of tickets will preclude very few from an opportunity of securing an independence for life, or acquiring a very handsome remuneration for the trifle advanced.

The many rich prizes it contains, with the others, will all be paid without deduction at the Camden Bank, where the money received for the Tickets will be deposited immediately, for the sole use of the Lottery.

Although there are 25 Capital Stationary Prizes amounting to ☞$67,500, one for each drawing day, yet there remain afloat as many large and valuable prizes, amounting to the sum of $152,500, as are generally to be met with in a whole Scheme, and the whole payable without any deduction therefrom. And for the accommodation of the fortunate adventurers in this Lottery, who may wish to receive their money immediately, a provision will be made at the said Bank for the payment of the prizes the VERY DAY they are drawn, on allowing the customary discount, as in Philadelphia or New-York.

The Lottery will be drawn in Camden, opposite the city of Philadelphia, and the Manager flatters himself that such encouragement will be given by a generous public as will enable him in the course of a very few weeks, to announce in the papers of the several states, the day the drawing will commence.

Contractors will be allowed a liberal discount.

JOSIAH HARRISON, Manager.

Lucius Q. C. Elmer,
Josiah Brick,
John Trenchard, Jr.
Elias P. Reely, Jr. Esq.

Commissioners appointed by the Legislature

Camden, N. J. May 26, 1819.

☞ The sale of Tickets in the foregoing scheme is expected to be unusually brisk—It will therefore be the interest of adventurers to make early application, as tickets will soon be raised in price, Whole Tickets, Ten Dollars—Half Tickets, Five Dollars—Quarter Tickets, Two Dollars and fifty cents. All letters addressed to me must be post paid, and shall be answered by return of mail.

MILES H. HUGHES,
No. 31, Church Alley

To the Humane!

JOHN CHAMBERS, who lately moved from the small town of Liberty near Baltimore, is informed that his young son Robert, whom he lost near Chambersburgh, as he was moving his family to the westward, has lately arrived, and is now under the protection of a humane citizen of this place. This interesting child appears to be 10 or 11 years old. Information can be had by applying to

LEWIS PETERSON.

☞ The different printers in Pennsylvania are requested to publish the above for the sake of a distressed family.

Ten Dollars.

I WILL give Ten Dollars reward for such information as will enable me to detect and prosecute the VILLAINS who robbed my garden, on Tuesday night last.

A. TANNEHILL.

Grove Hill, Aug. 27, 1819.

Storage and Commission Business.

Matthias Winans & Andrew M. January

HAVING entered into partnership to transact the above business, under the firm of

WINANS & JANUARY,

as successors to the late firm of Samuel January, Sen. & Co. They hope from their knowledge of said business, and by care and strict attention to merit a share of public patronage.

They have on hand and for sale, a large quantity of

BAR & NAIL IRON—assorted.
Castings—assorted,
Cut Nails—assorted sizes,
Wrought ditto ditto
Iron Wire Sieves, & Riddles, different Nos.
Iron Wire Screens, ditto ditto
White Lead in Oil,
Prime Glazed Rifle Powder,
A large quantity of Copperas,

Groceries & Liquors, etc.

ALSO,

A great variety of Books and Stationary, etc.

All of which will be sold low for CASH, or on reasonable credits.

Maysville, April 17, 1819.——M116m

Dissolution of Partnership

THE copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of *Samuel January, Sen. & Co.* has this day been dissolved by mutual consent; those indebted to the said firm will please make payment to Samuel A. January, who is authorised to settle the business, and those having claims against said firm will please call on him for payment.

Samuel January, Sen.
Samuel A. January,
Peter T. January.
Andrew M. January.

Maysville, April 17, 1819. M116m

I. DOANE,

Offers for sale at his ware-house on the Bank near Wood street.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

HARDWARE

Ironmongery,

CUTLERY &c.—Among which are

Steel of all kinds, Saws, Tools, Wire, Round Iron, Spikes, Nails, Boat Nails, Anvils, Vices, CASTINGS, &c. &c.

ALSO,

TAR & ROSIN—by the barrel,

50 Kegs best manufactured TOBACCO.

Commission Business,

Attended to as usual.

Pittsburgh, May 18, 1819.---y

A few pounds of the genuine

Pipsissiway,

or PYROLA UMBELLATTA, so celebrated for the cure of CANCERS; collected by a medical gentleman, on the Brandywine, near Wilmington, Del. For Sale.

Eichbaum & Johnston,

BOOKSELLERS, AND PRINTERS

Second, between Market & Wood streets.

HAVE JUST PUBLISHED

THE

WESTERN CALCULATOR,

OR A

NEW AND COMPENDIOUS SYSTEM

OF PRACTICAL

ARITHMETIC

CONTAINING THE

ELEMENTARY PRINCIPLES & RULES OF CALCULATION,

IN WHOLE, MIXED, AND DECIMAL NUMBERS.

ARRANGED, DEFINED, & ILLUSTRATED

In a plain and natural order; and adapted to the use of schools, throughout the western country, and present commerce of the United States.

IN EIGHT PARTS.

BY J. STOCKTON, A. M.

September 1, 1818 tf

ROSIN SOAP.

Ormsby & Doane,

Have For Sale at the Brick Warehouse, on Water, between Market and Ferry streets,

150 Boxes ROSIN SOAP,
100 Kegs Kentucky Tobacco,
50 Tons Juniata Iron,
30 ditto Castings,
Plaister of Paris—by the barrel,
20 Barrels Whiskey,
20 ditto Pickled Pork,
30 Boxes Chocolate—No. 1,

Rectified Lake Salt, by the bbl.

A Quantity of CHEESE,

Axes, Hoes, Mattocks, Drawing Chains &c. &c.

July 16, 181.

COFFEE.

Prime Green COFFEE,

IN BAGS,

FOR SALE, BY

ALLEN & GRANT.

Pittsburgh, April 30

Swetman & Hughes,

Manufacturers,

Wood street, between Diamond Alley and Fourth street,

GRATEFUL for past favours, respectfully inform their friends and the public generally that they continue their Manufactory at the above stand, where from their strict attention to business and the excellence of the workmen employed, they are enabled to execute every thing in their line in the best manner.

Orders from any part of the western country, promptly attended to.

Pittsburgh, June 29, 1819.

Notice.

HAVING removed to Harrisburgh I have placed my docket papers and business in the hands of CHARLES SHALER, Esq. a gentleman in whose professional skill and integrity my numerous friends and clients may place the most implicit confidence.

The following books are missing from my library, viz. 5th and 6th Binney, 1st Hawkins, 9th Harris' Entries 8th Wilson's Reports—any person having the same will confer an obligation on me by leaving them at Mr. Shaler's *office, next door to the Black Bear inn in the Diamond.*

S. DOUGLAS.

Pittsburgh, February 12, 1819.——tf

P. S. I will attend to land business and other agencies in Harrisburgh; and those who entrst me with the same may depend on my punctuality.

Harmony Seminary,

FOR YOUNG LADIES.

THE annual vacation of one month will expire and the Seminary will be re-opened on the first day of September.

No pains or expense have been spared to render this institution as desirable as any in the United States for the education of Young Ladies.—It will be under the care of the rev. A. D. Campbell, pastor of the church, who will occasionally, deliver lectures on Rhetoric and History. The various other branches of English Literature, will be confided to a gentleman, whom an experience of twenty years in some of the first schools in the United States, has amply qualified for the task. A young lady who studied under the best teachers in London, has lately arrived for the express purpose of giving instructions in Music and the French Language. The board, washing and hours of recreation are under the eye of a careful Matron; and it is the determination of those concerned in the School, that nothing shall be wanting that industry, talents and attention can accomplish, to improve the minds of the pupils, to render their deportment pleasing, and their dispositions amiable.

THE TERMS ARE,

For tuition in the English and French languages, Geography, History, Rhetoric, Composition, Drawing Maps, Writing, Arithmetic, and board and washing $150 per annum. For Music, an extra charge of $6 per quarter, and the stationary that the pupils require will be furnished at the lowest price.

Harmony is situated 25 miles North of Pittsburgh, on the road to Meadville and Erie. To persons unacquainted with the teachers every necessary information can be obtained by application to the Rev. Francis Herron, the Rev. Joseph Stockton, or to Mr. Bakewell, Pittsburgh.

N B. If required, Lectures on Botany will be delivered, by a proper person at a moderate charge.

Pittsburgh, August 20, 1819.

The editors of the Brownsville Register, the Washington Examiner, the Greensburgh Gazette and Steubenville Herald, will please insert the above three times, and forward their accounts to this office.

Bank of the United States.

JULY 14, 1819.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE BANK OF THE UNITED STATES,

THAT in pursuance of the thirteenth article of the eleventh section of the Act of Incorporation, a general meeting of the Stockholders will be held at their Banking House, in the city of Philapelphia, on Monday, the first day of November next, at 10 o'clock in the morning.

By order of the Board of Directors,

JONATHAN SMITH,
CASHIER.

Extract from the said thirteenth article.

"Half yearly dividends shall be made of so much of the profits of the bank, as shall appear to the Directors advisable; and once in every three years, the Directors shall lay before the stockholders, at a general meeting for their information, an exact and particular statement of the debts which shall have remained unpaid after the expiration of the original credit, for a period of treble the term of that credit, and of the surplus of the profits, if any, after deducting losses and dividends.——c1ts.\

The Copartnership

HERETOFORE existing between the subscribers under the firm of SAMUEL EDGAR & Co. is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons having demands will please present them, and those indebted are requested to make immediate payment to George Sutton, who is duly authorised to settle the concerns of the firm.

Samuel Edgar,
George Sutton.

Pittsburgh, June 8, 1819.

D. & J. Chute,

Have just received a good assortment of

SHOES,

Suitable for the season. They also, daily expect a new arrival.

Pittsburgh, May 21.

Pittsburgh Gazette.

FRIDAY MORNING, SEPT. 3, 1819.

The Anonymous.

No. VI.

Let no man say I will sit down and write a little book." STERNE.

'Let no man,' says my friend Mr. Wirt, 'promise himself that he will sit down and write a short essay; unless, indeed, he has some controul over his mind and pen, which I confess I have not.' Now, although I have familiarly called this distinguished writer my friend, I must confess that never to my knowledge have I seen him; nor do I know whether he is short or tall, or in fact the character of a single feature of his face. It is true, that in his initial essay of the 'Old Bachelor,' which I would advise every body to read, he has, in imitation of his illustrious predecessors, and for the gratification of literary gossips, drawn a full length portrait of himself; but this trick wont do, for I no more believe that the long sallow visaged Dominie S[illegible]son portrait he has drawn is any more like the original, than the round faced spectator to Joseph Addison—or "I to Hercules"—if we may judge by his writings; by no means an infallible criterion; although some very sapient heads, are of a contrary opinion. But the friendship I claim is not the mere shake of the hand, and "I'm glad to see you;" when sometimes, the person who thus civilly greets you is about as rejoiced to see you, as a merchant the runner of a bank with a notice of bills payable: No it is that disinterested friendship arising from the instruction and amusement I have derived from his admirable writings. Surely he who has by the dissemination of sentiments so wise, virtuous and patriotic, contributed so generously to the improvement and happiness of his countrymen, and by the chastity and splendid eloquence of his works elevated the fame of American literature in countries, where it had been prostrated by prejudice and detraction, is the truest friend of every individual of that country honored by his birth, and entitled to their heartfelt thanks

However brilliant may be the hallo shed upon the fame of our country by the valorous deeds of our patriot warriors, entitling them to our warmest gratitude; yet the military ardour their fame has infused into less virtuous but more ambitious minds, inflaming the worst of passions in the worst of men, may lead to the subversion of those very liberties, in the defence of which they have shed their precious blood, and it is a solemn truth, that after all the panegyric that has been lavished upon the most renowned warriors:

"The paths of glory lead but to the grave,"

and there they terminate. But the victories of those literary chieftains who arm themselves for the "good fight" in the defence of patriotism, justice, virtue and religion, are of a character purely unequivocal. It is theirs to allay those turbulent passions engendered by military ambition, that ever treats with insolent contempt the claims of mercy and justice. Theirs is the virtuous task to raise, expand and purify the mind; to teach us that immaculate doctrine of "doing unto others as we would that others would do unto us." In the list of these illustrious men Columbia may proudly boast of a Washington, an Ames, a Hamilton, a Dennie and a brilliant constellation of moralists, patriots and divines, who by the purity of their sentiments or example have led their countrymen into the paths of virtue, justice and religion. Theirs is the most difficult and splendid of all victories, the subjugation of their own, and the passions of others, the triumph of truth over error, virtue over vice. To them and their votaries, the grave which is the goal of worldly renown, is but the commencement of that reward prepared for the "good made perfect." When trembling on the verge of dissolution.

"Hope, indismay'd shall o'er the ruin smile
"And light her torch at natures funeral pile."

If, ingenuous reader, any doubt has existed in your mind or my own, of the sovereignty of habit and feeling over our firmest determinations, I trust that these my essays have put the question for ever to rest. Commencing with the full intention of bestowing a little good natured satire upon ill natured propensities, I have through the force of habit, and believe me, no uncharitable feeling, found myself wandering "from grave to gay, from lively to severe." Conscious of a desire to "render unto Cæser the things that are Cæser's," of an utter incapability of unnecessarily inflicting the slightest pain upon a virtuous and a feeling heart, I have ever been in the habit of giving free scope to my tongue or to my pen in the utterance of my sentiments, which if wrong are ever open to conviction. If severity sometimes characterizes those opinions, it proceeds rather from the convictions of my mind than my heart, which, trust me would much rather commend than condemn.

In extenuation of the episodical seriousness which in my past or future essays, may seem to obtrude itself inconsistently into the gayest subjects, I would remind you, that minds susceptible of the most vivacious impressions of cheerfulness, are also most liable to deduce from objects of mirth and gaiety subjects for serious reflection. The ear most tenderly alive to the 'concord of sweet sounds,' shrinks with a proportionate pain from jarring discord. Such is the mind of your essayist, reader, which though susceptible and desirous of embracing cheerfulness in her brightest form, is yet subjected to the magic influence of sombre melancholy even in its moments of sparkling hilarity. And often in the most brilliant assembly when surrounded by beauty, taste and elegance, all 'tripping lightly on the gay fantastic toe' in the mazes of the dance, this unwelcome guest has intruded, when the instruments of banished pleasure have seemed to 'discourse most melancholy music.' So true it is that extremes approximate.

For our mutual advantage, reader I have thought it adviseable to make this explanatory digression. If there is an *occasional* passage not exactly seasoned to your palate pass it quietly over. But if you find that on the broader basis, we are not of a congenial spirit, I pray you in the language of the 'melancholy Jacques' 'let us be better strangers to each other.' For it ever has been, and I trust ever will be my maxim, that on the discovery of having commenced an ill assorted friendship or even a mere acquaintance, it is far better to separate whilst it can be done with christian charity than to continue, merely because it had commenced through tediousness, ennui or an eternal jarring of sentiments and opposition of feelings, in what may be termed a friendly warfare, assimilating to the loving discords we sometimes witness in the 'blissful state of matrimony,' to terminate most probably in mutual hatred. And having said thus much I shall endeavour to continue my lucubration in the spirit in which I commenced it.

The immortal Dean of St. Patrick, a very particular friend of mine because a great enemy to the 'blue devils,' has declared that 'he who makes two blades of grass grow, where but one grew before, deserves the thanks of his country.' Now with all due difference to his Deanship, I will venture to assert that he who causes an 'idea to shoot' from a pericranium that has perhaps never produced one before, is a much greater benefactor of mankind—provided it happens to be a correct one. It is very true that it is important, the *gourmand* will think it all in all to supply the body with food, particularly as it is thought necessary to 'keep the body and soul together;' and yet to judge by its effects upon the Epicurean glutton, its tendency would rather seem calculated to suffocate and destroy the soul—if it is possible an Epicurean could have possessed one. Yet it must be confessed even by the poet himself, that food more substantial than the ambrosia of the gods, especially in thesemountainous regions, is necessary to pacify the eager importunities of a keen appetite, lest as Pope says we might be tor-tured by

An aching void, left craving in the breast."

Yet who but a *gourmand* would compare the beneficence of him who contributes to the nourishment of that body subjected to a thousand paltry casualties, & which after all as Shakespeare says, fatten it as you may, must one day become 'food for worms.'—Who then would compare this sensual patron who sustains, nourishes and enlarges that precious soul that thus:

"shall flourish in immortal youth,
Unhurt, amidst the war of elements,
The wreck of matter and the crush of worlds,'

I therefore hold it to be an incontestible truth, that he who sows a single grain of knowledge, though it should be no larger than a mustard seed, in a soil capable of producing an healthful scion of wisdom, virtue or religion, confers a greater benefit on the permanent, I might say the eternal happiness of mankind, than he who produces as is the boast of the notorious Cobbett, a thousand bushels of Russian turnips, or fatten a thousand *head* of cattle from a single acre. And I boldly declare Mr. Wirt to be that man. I therefore fully agree with him that no man 'can promise himself that he will set down and write a short essay,' or even if he had not said it, my own experience as well as your own, reader, fully convinces me and must you, that an author when he sets down to write cannot promise himself that he will be witty, wise, humorous, grave, sprightly, sentimental, quizzical, didactic, sublime, poetic, prosaic or even sudorific, but as it pleases his imagination, which if it is worth this pen that I have worn to the stump in your own & posterity's service, is an absolute sovereign that will not be controuled, or suffer the slightest dictation—especially from its subject reason.

DARING OUTRAGE.

"Forest, near Piqua, Miama Co. O. July 26.

'After I had the pleasure of seeing you in Philadelphia, I set out, though in a state of ill health, for Pittsburgh, where we arrived in safety; but I was obliged to stop several days on the road, in order to rest myself and gain strength. In passing Scrub Ridge, one of the Allegheny mountains, keeping the plain turnpike road, we saw on our left an old path turn up a sharp hill, but as the turnpike had no obstruction laid across it in any way, and as that road looked to be the most trodden and very smooth, we kept the turnpike, being four moving waggons with families in company. Before we had gotten ten rods below the old road, in turning suddenly round the hill, we were confronted by a gang of wild Irishmen, styled Turnpikers, who had stationed themselves there in order to stop travellers, and to force them to *pay toll*, as they called it. The whole gang consisted of seven sturdy fellows, armed, each with an axe and mattock. They had broken a path along this way to decoy passengers, and get a share of their money. As we approached them, they spread themselves across the road, seized our horses by their bridles, and with the most dreadful oaths, swore we should not pass without paying them toll. I then told them, if that road was not finished, we would return and go the other way; but they ought to have laid something across the road to give travellers notice. They were determined, however, that we should neither advance nor return, until we paid their demands, which was a quarter of a dollar a piece, swearing they would not only break our horses' legs, if we attempted to move them, but that they would throw us down the ridge, after having done the work for us. It was a frightful part of the ridge, we were five men in number, but not armed, and I was feeble with sickness; yet we tried every way but force to get clear of this imposition, and while my companion, John W. Powell, of New-York, was striving to turn the horses round, so as to return up the hill, the ring leader of this banditti, (whom they call John Mason,) raised his axe, threatning to split him down; the axe had descended within a foot of his head, when I caught it and prevented the blow. I found then that all the other ruffians were ready, with their weapons raised, to commence a general slaughter, & that another gang of ten or more, of the same stamp, were below us, and within call. The language these land pirates made use of, was the most gross and abusive. The women in company were very much frightened, and ran off up the hill, after pouring upon us all the curses and all the choice epithets in the Billingsgate vocabulary. Finding that we could not escape with our teams, and believing that these ruffians would as soon cut a man in pieces as take a drink of whiskey, they being entirely out of the reach of law, we concluded to pay their demands, and proceed, which we did, amidst, however, a shower of LEFT HANDED BLESSINGS—passed the other gang without being stopped and proceeded on our journey. Mr. George N. of Philadelphia, was one of our company, with his family. In the coarse of the day we overtook many moving waggons, whose owners had been served in a similar way, but when one was alone the *robbers* demanded more money from him—some, therefore, were forced to pay one dollar, some two, three, four, and five dollars, to get by these freebooters. Among others, we fell in with an Irishman, with one horse before a common Philadelphia cart, dragging along their goods, intended for the western country, while he and his family, [who had landed but a few days, previously from Ireland,] walked—this man said he had been stopped by this gang, & they forced him to pay a golden guinea, though about the last he had in the world; and, said he, 'the wretches were Irishmen too;' and sobbed while he told his tale.

'We all determined to make known the outrage to the first magistrate that could be found. But on enquiry at the next village, we learned that *such* had been the practice of this banditti for a long time past; that one or more men had been actually murdered by them; that several horses had been killed, & others had their legs broken by them; and that no magistrate in those parts, had even endeavoured to check these enormities, much less to bring to justice these perpetraters.

'We proceeded to Bedford, hoping there to find means, by which, to stop, in future, at least, the commission of such acts on the western route.

'I was informed here by my friend Mr. Todd, (an eminent Counsellor at law) that we might prosecute this gang of villains at law, and thus endeavor to bring them to justice; but in that case it would be necessary for the complainants and witnesses to remain in that quarter until the session of the court, (3 months at least) in order to identify the persons, and give our evidence in open court. I wished the States' Attorney to proceed against this lawless gang, but he could not, was the reply, unless we would remain to witness the issue.

'Now, it is obvious, that a man removing a large family to the western country, or who goes on business that way, cannot be detained without incurring the most serious losses and inconveniencies—we were forced therefore to pocket the affront, and submit to be robbed, plundered, and insulted, and to close our lips.

'Is there no law in Pennsylvania, by which these enormities on the common high way can be checked and suppressed? And no force in that state to punish such high offenders? imported from the sinks of vice or forced to fly their own country to escape the reward of crimes they had there committed. If such villains are actually employed, on the public high ways, why not make their employers responsible for their infamous conduct, and deliver them up to justice.

'This is no new thing; enormities of this kind have been committed for several seasons past, on various parts of that road, and they call aloud on the constituted authorities of your State, for the adoption of such measures as will effectually put a stop to them. Otherwise, the traveller must arm, (as in barbarious countries, which God forbid!) in his own own defence, or the national government will find it necessary to employ a military force for the protection of its citizens, in that quarter, from hordes of hungry and rapacious bravadoes.

'I intended to have wrote you when in Pittsburgh, on this subject, but sickness prevented. This occurrence took place on or about the 25th of May last, and I promised the whole of our company to give a faithful statement of the facts for publication, as soon my health permitted.

'I am now employed in surveying land in the late Indian purchase, north west part of this state, and shall soon have the pleasure, I trust, of giving some account of this country.

With sincere regard, I am Sir,
Your obedient servant,
(Signed) JAMES RILEY.'
Phil. Union.

POUGHKEEPSIE, August 13.

Cadets.—The cadets from West-Point to the number of 230, under the command of Major Bell, left that place in the afternoon of the 10th inst. they arrived in this village on Friday last, about noon, and immediately encamped. They were met a short distance from this place by a detachment of the fusilier company, commanded by Captain Valentine, together with a number of citizens, and escorted into town. They are a body of fine looking young men, in whom are centered the 'best hopes of the nation;' and have attained a height in military science, that reflects credit upon the institution in which they are educated.—On Saturday they marched through our streets, and returned to the field of encampment, where they performed a variety of military evolutions, which joined with the excellent music of their band, gave great satisfaction to the numerous spectators. Their exercise and manœuvres exhibited great attention to discipline and duty, were highly honorable to themselves, and promised future usefulness to their country. They are obliged to submit to all the fatigues of a soldier's life, in marching, standing guard, and performing the duties of the camp. The urbanity and general deportment of the cadets were conclusive, that the blandishments of the citizens are not lost by being united with the sterner qualities of the soldier. The unpleasant weather of Monday deprived the spectators of witnessing a further display of military tactics. On Monday evening, a ball was given to the cadets, at L. B Van Kleeck's Hall, by the citizens of this village; which for numbers; beauty and fashion, was never excelled in this place.

Circulation of the London Observer.—The Editor of this Journal, which is issued only once a week, has published a detailed statement of the sale of his publication, during the year ending on the second of May last. By this statement, it appears that the smallest number of papers issued on one day was 10,400; the largest number 13,925; and the total number in the year, 602,225. We presume there is no other weekly paper, published in any part of the world, which has so great a circulation. The Editor closes his detailed statement with the folowing remark:—'It may not be wholly uninteresting for the reader to know the amount paid to the Revenue for six hundred and two thousand two hundred and twenty four stamps, was no less a sum than eight thousand and twenty nine pounds, independent of the Excise upon twelve hundred and four reams of paper, at three-pence upon each pound weight, and the duty of three shillings and six-pence upon every advertisement, making a total sum contributed to the Revenue by The Observer Journal, in one year, of Ten Thousand Pounds, and that for only fifty two publications.'

Feathers.

A LARGE QUANTITY OF FIRST QUALITY

FEATHERS,

FOR SALE—Also, *SEINE TWINE and*

Cotton,

TOBACCO & PEWTER,

Racoon & Mink Skins etc.

David Logan,

Warehouse, corner of Ferry and Water streets.
Pittsburgh, August 24.

N. B. In a few days will arrive, FOR SALE,

Queensware, Coffee and Tea.

Ten Dollars.

I WILL give Ten Dollars reward for such information as will enable me to detect and prosecute the VILLAINS who robbed my garden, on Tuesday night last.

A. TANNEHILL.

Grove Hill, Aug. 27, 1819.

Sheriff's Sales.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny County, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House, in the city of Pittsburgh, on Monday 6th September, all the right, title, interest and claim of Benjamin South, of, in and to a certain tract or piece of land, situate on Toms' Run, in Fayette township, bounded by lands of James M'Kown, Rowley Boyd, John Wilkinson and Moses Middleswarth, containing forty acres be the same more or less, on which is erected a small log house, and about one acre of land cleared thereon. Seized and taken in execution as the property of Benjamin South, at the suit of Wm. Lea.

Also—By virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, issued out of the same court, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the time and place aforesaid, all the right, title, interest and claim of Charles Von Bonhorst, of, in and to a certain tract of land, containing two hundred and eighty seven acres be the same more or less, situate in Mifflin township, called, 'Hamilton Hall, bounded by the Monongahela river, and by lands of Mary Thompson, John Neil and the heirs of Cochran, on which is erected one large frame dwelling, a double barn, a saw-mill and dwelling house, and ninety acres of land cleared thereon. Seized and taken in execution as the property of the said Charles Von Bonhorst, at the suit of Sutton & M'Nickle.

Also—By virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, issued out of the same court, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the time and place aforesaid, all the right, title and interest of Jacob Gibner, of, in and to a certain lot or piece of ground, situate in Elizabeth town, in Elizabeth township, marked in the plan of the said town No. 38, containing in breadth 60 feet, and in length ordepth 120 feet, be the same more or less—on which is erected a two story frame house. Seized and taken in execution as the property of the said Jacob Gibner, at the suit of Joseph Latshaw.

Also—By virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, issued out of the same court, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the time and place aforesaid, all the right, title, interest and claim of Thomas Salkeld, of, in and to a certain lot or piece of ground situate in Pitt township, near the eagle foundery, containing in breadth forty feet more or less, and extending back ninety feet, more or less, bounded southward by Second street, eastwardly and westwardly by ground of Anthony Beelen, and northwardly by ground of James O'Hara. On which is erected a two story frame house, subject to yearly rent of twenty dollars. Seized and taken in execution as the property of Thomas Salkeld, at the suit of Soloman Buel, for the use of John Tracy.

Also—By virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias, issued out of the same court and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the time and place aforesaid, all the right, title interest and claim of John W. Baylor, of, in and to the real estate of which Henry Weidner died seized, to wit, of in and to a certain part of lot No. 353 in the city of Pittsburgh, bounded by Diamond Alley, by lot No. 354, and by other parts of the said lot No. 353, containing in front on Diamond Alley, twenty five feet be the same more or less and extending back one hundred and twenty five feet, more or less, on which there is a two story brick house erected; of in and to the southwardly half of lot No. 310, in the city of Pittsburgh, bounded by Thurd street, by lots Nos. 309 and 311, and by the other half of the said lot No. 310, containing in breadth sixty and in length eighty five feet, more or less on which there is erected a frame Theatre. Seized and taken in execution as the property of the said John W. Baylor at the suit of William Scott.

Also—By virtue of a writ of Vend. Exp. issued out of the same court and to me directed will be exposed to public sale, at the time and place aforesaid, all the right, title, interest and claim of George Ritter, of lot No. 13, in the plan of George A. Bayard's part of the Northern Liberties, in Pitt Township, fronting on the Turnpike Road twenty five feet more or less, and extending back one hundred feet more or less, and bounded on the east by ground of Matthew Stewart—on which is erected a frame house and small stable; subject to a yearly ground rent of forty three dollars and seventy five cents. Seized and taken in execution as the property of the said George Ritter at the suit of Abner Baker.

L. STEWART, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Pittsburgh, August 26, 1819.

$100 REWARD.

$1000, STOLEN

ONE Thousand Dollars in Specie, together with the following articles, were taken from the waggon of JOHN HAMILTON, about eight miles the other side of Bedford, on Thursday Evening the 12th of August:——80 large Hand-spikes, (sail nails) 250 small Sail needles, 24 large Packing needles, 1 mounted Pallet, three foot Rules, 3 one foot Rules, 25 fish Lines, 9 cork Flasks, 2 1-2 doz. quill Flasks, about 200 best fish Hooks, (in a lot.)

The money was all in silver except seven doubloons—this money and the above articles were all packed in a small box, which was also taken from the waggon. The person suspected of having committed the theft, left Baltimore in company with the owner of the property and kept in company about eight days. He calls himself JAMES, is about 6 feet in height and well proportioned, is considerably pock marked, wears a small queue, and a red flannel shirt. Had with him an Ass and a large white Spanish Dog with long shaggy hair.

Any person who will secure the property shall receive One Hundred Dollars, and for the apprehension of both the thief and property One Hundred and Fifty.

Any information on the subject will be thankfully received by the subscriber, at Frederick Ricker's Tavern, Pittsburgh.

JAMES LIDGET.

Pittsburgh, August 19th.

Spanish Soal Leather

AND

BUFFALOE ROBES.

The subscribers have just received

5000

lbs best Span. Soal Leather

AND

20 Bales Buffaloe Robes,

Which they offer low for Cash.

BOSLER & CO.

Pittsburgh, August 31. tf

☞ On hand a few Kegs prime HOG'S LARD and half a ton of TALLOW.

PITTSBURGH.

Friday, Sept. 3, 1819.

We feel well satisfied that the second number of Caleb Cowhide's "Conceits" will find a place in the columns of the "Statesman." Our objection to the production was not the want of merit in the style of poetry; but the manner in which Mr. Monroe is spoken of we really do consider perfectly unjustifiable, even in the lighter kind of composition. From the assertion that

"He would fill the whole world, with confusion and woe."

a person might suppose that our President was a kind of Nero or Bajazet, whereas all the fault that Caleb himself imputes to him, under the worst construction, is that he entertains a different opinion from him, on the subject of manufactures. We do not conceive this to be fair; we believe it will be generally conceded that we have been as warm advocates for manufactures and manufacturers as any other individuals in the union, and we certainly have published as many dissertations ("dry" ones if it so please) in their favour, but we should be sorry indeed to invest with the attributes of a Caligula, the man who supported the opposite side of the question. But suppose, for a moment, that James Monroe does not believe that encouraging manufactures is the true policy of the United States, he is only an individual; and if we judge from the cavalier manner in which he has been treated for the two last sessions, on the floor of Congress, he is an individual whose influence and weight are by no means very overwhelming. No! No! it is all idle to impute the fault to the President; he is a prudent, cautious man; the evil is in the representatives of the people; they have been the opposers of manufactures; the commercial, the planter, and with pain we say it, too much of the western interest has heretofore been thrown into the opposition. We have some hopes that the error has been in some measure discovered; we do think something will shortly be done. At all events, let the majority of Congress do what is right, and we pledge ourselves they will meet with no opposition from our President, whatever may be his abstract opinion on the subject. It is well understood that Mr. Monroe is by no means surrounded by the same atmosphere of influence that has heretofore characterized our first magistrates. Let not then the fault be placed on the wrong person. If Congress does its duty, the President dare not object.

A correct definition of man has been a desideratum for some thousands of years: it appears to have been involved in as much doubt as that of the soul. He is distinguished by some philosophers as 'being a reasoning animal, and capable of forming syllogisms;' this however did not appear to be a sufficiently distinctive mark, as it is shrewdly suspected that dogs and elephants have sometimes been detected in forming plans, and of being able consequently, of comprehending the principles of major, minor, and consequence; he has again been called an 'imitative being;' but as the monkey tribe have some pretensions to this characteristic, it seems generally to be given up. Plato called him a 'two legged animal without feathers;' Diogenes destroyed this definition by depriving a cock of its feathers, and throwing it into the midst of the disciples, whilst the learned philosopher was in the middle of a lecture. We are led to believe that we have probably discovered a more correct definition than has ever yet entered the head of a philosopher; we would emphatically call man an 'electioneering animal;' this appellation conveys an idea of qualities which we conceive no brute animal can possibly lay claim to; the fondling of a dog has sometimes shaken our position a little; but when we consider that his caresses are always *sincere*, our doubts are removed; late circumstances have convinced us that the talents of electioneering are peculiar to man, and that in future he ought to be distinguished as an 'electioneering animal.'

Extract from our Papers per Mercury, from Liverpool.

Letters from Madrid, of the 20th of June, confirms the reports that Don Onis had been appointed minister of Foreign Affairs. They also state, that since the change of ministers, his majesty was much less occupied by public affairs, than formerly, and makes frequent tours into the country.

Letters from Gibraltar state, that the Emperor of Morocco, was about to take the field with an immense army, against a large tribe of Arabs, who lately defeated and wounded one of his sons, and succeeded in making one of his wives a prisoner.

The Royal Court of Paris is occupied with the following problem:—"Can a child be born nine months and nine days after his father's death succeed him?" The Preliminary tribunal have already decided in the affirmative. The decision of the Royal Court is yet to be given.

A legion, raised by General Devereux, in Ireland, for the support of the South American Insurgents has sailed from Liverpool. They amount, it is said, to 5000 men, and are completely equipped.

ONE DAY LATER FROM ENGLAND.

The ship Herald, capt. Fox, which arrived at Boston on Tuesday last, in 45 days from Liverpool, brings London and Liverpool dates one day later than were received here by the Hercules.

Accounts from Germany, state a strong probability of a rupture between the Russian and Turkish governments. Letters from Constantinople mention, that the government was actively employed in strengthening its marine; that several ships of war had been recently built; and that orders had been issued for the building of others. Letters from St. Petersburgh ridicule the idea of a rupture between those two powers, and represent the rumor as the idle dream of speculating politicians.

We are informed, that a manufacturing establishment in this city discharged 50 of its workmen in the course of the last week.—*Philad. Gaz.*

At a late Camp Meeting held near Baltimore, it is said, that no less than twenty thousand persons attended, and that the exercises on the occasion were conducted with the greatest order and decorum.—*ibid.*

Preparations are making to the eastward by a party of hardy fishermen, aided by a party of spirited gentlemen, for a cruize after the Sea Serpent.

On the 23d of February last, the Florida treaty was ratified at the city of Washington; of course the six months allotted as the period of its exchange by the Spanish government, expires to day.
Philad. Gazette.

From the Middleton (Con.) Gazette, of Aug. 20.

OUR MEDITERRANIAN SQUADRON.

An unpleasant circumstance has lately occurred among some of the principal officers of our squadron in the Mediterranean. Four captains and one lieutenant have been suspended by Com. Stewart, our Naval Commander in chief upon that station.

According to the best information, the four captains and the lieutenant above mentioned, were members of a Court-martial, & pronounced a sentence which was disapproved by Com. Stewart, who also (by what authority we know not) reprimanded them. The officers, conceiving that he had no right to reprimand them, replied to him—he took offence at their reply and suspended them.

This affair, will probably be soon investigated by some proper tribunal.—Until that enquiry is made it is better that public opinion should not be prematurely formed or expressed. From a long acquaintance, however, with capt. Macdonough, who is one of the officers suspended, we cannot believe, unless we have strong evidence to prove it, that his conduct on this occasion, has been either precipitate or improper.

ST. LOUIS, August 4.

On Saturday and Sunday last the heaviest rain fell which has ever been witnessed in this country. It fell incessantly for about thirty hours, during great part of which time it came down in torrents. Travellers compared it to what they had seen within the tropics during the fall of the equinoctial rains.

CINCINNATI, August 24.

A treaty was held at Edwardsville, state of Illinois, on the 6th inst. between Col. Chateau and Col. Stephenson, commissioners appointed on the part of the United States, and the civil and military chiefs of the Kickapoo tribe of Indians. It resulted in a purchase of that tract of country generally termed the Sangamo. The boundary commences at the mouth of the Illinois river and runs eastwardly by the old purchase lines to the N. W. corner of the second Kickapoo purchase, thence north-eastwardly by the old purchase lines, the dividing the Indiana and Illinois states, thence north to the Kankakee river, thence down that river to the Illinois, thence down the Illinois to the place of beginning. This tract is estimated to contain upwards of ten millions of acres, a great quantity of which is first rate land. Nearly 300 families had squatted on this land before the purchase, which was a strong inducement to the Indians to leave the country. They have obtained a tract of land extending from the river Osage to La Pomme, and south to the heads of White river. They will thus become the near neighbours of their old enemies the Cherokees, with whom, until lately, they have been at war for more than 200 years.

From Niles Register.

In this country, there is no necessity for any one to be idle on account of a superfluity of labourers. We have commodities from abroad, which ought to be made at home, hence it is that though a a superfluity of labourers does not exist, there is at this time a severe *want of employment*.

It is estimated that there are 20,000 persons *daily seeking work*, in Philadelphia. In New-York 10,000 able bodied men are said to be wandering the streets looking for it, and if we add to them the women, who desire something to do, the amount cannot be less than 20,000.

In Baltimore there may be about 10,000 persons in unsteady employment, or actually suffering because they cannot get into business. We know several decent men lately 'good livers' who now subsist on such victuals as two years ago, they would not have given to their servants in the kitchen. Here are 50,000 persons in three cities, wholly or partially idle. Admit that they obtain *half employment*, just an enough to keep them from becoming incumbrances to others, and average the value of what they might earn, at only fifty cents per day, and the amount of loss is $12,500 per day, 75,000 per week 300,000, per month, &c. Here we see how it is, that the *want of employment* strikes at national wealth. Thousands who are best disposed to support themselves decently by labour, are in a state of positive suffering because they have nothing to do. The distress of people has reached an alarming extent, and there is no considerate man in our large cities and towns, that looks to the approaching winter without any anticipating scenes of misery, such as he never before witnessed.

SEA SERPENT.

The Boston Evening Gazette of last Saturday contains a number of affidavits signed by respectable citizens, all testifying that they saw last week on Squam Bar, in the neighbourhood of Boston, the Sea Serpent. On Friday he was seen again in Lynn Bay, near low water mark, and under such circumstances as leave no room to doubt the fact. The number assembled to view him is stated at between two and three hundred. Among them were, James Price, Esq. United States's Marshall, James T. Austin, Esq. & many other gentlemen from Boston.

ROYAL ACADEMY.

The conclusion of the Series of Lectures on Architecture, delivered by Mr. *Soane*, took place on Thursday night.—Every chair and every bench in the room was filled, and many auditors, unable to obtain a seat, were present. The Learned Professor, glancing at the meridian excellence of Architecture in Greece, its decline and revival in the 15th century, proceeded to the subject of Arches, the discovery of which he pronounced to be equal to that of gravitation by *Newton*, the circulation of the blood by *Harvey*, and all the astronomical researches of *Galileo*. After observing that the ancients possessed but obscure if any notion of this valuable part of Architecture, he illustrated their nature and utility, proceeding naturally to the construction of bridges. He then adverted to the nature and character of Spires, interspersing many incidental remarks on the fronts of Buildings, &c. It is, however, impossible for us to trace the merits of this miscellaneous treasury of information on a subject of the most interesting importance to civilized society, whether considered on the ground of shelter, habitation, convenience, elegance or luxury. The Learned Professor received very warm applause, not only from the audience in general, but the more-gratifying tribute of approbation from the numerous members of the Academic Body present, who may of course be conceived to be more conversant with the subject. Mr. *Fuseli* was in the chair.

MAZEPPA—*Lord Byron's New Poem.*

The London edition of this poem is published by Mr. JOHN MURRAY. There can be no doubt, therefore, of its being the production of Lord Byron. For Mr. Murray, is one of the most respectable booksellers in London, and has been his only publisher from the commencement. None of the *spurious* productions published under the name of his lordship have come from Mr. M's. press.

London, July 23.

Whilst the 7th Hussars lately passed by the Marquis of Anglesea's seat near Litchfield, on their route to Manchester, they were entertained by the Marquis at his mansion with good old English cheer. Whilst the soldiers were parading on the lawn in front of the house, immediately before their departure, a somewhat singular appearance presented itself in the persons of the Marquis, his brother, (a captain in the Navy,) lord Uxbridge (the marquis' son,) and the daughter of the marquis. The first wanted a leg which he lost at Waterloo, the captain an arm, the noble lord Uxbridge was on crutches, being wounded in the knee, and the fair lady was *minus* her right hand, which she lost while attending her husband at one of the battles in Spain.

Substitute for Specie.—From the absence of specie it is thought that some of the western banks will have to pay their notes in *Bacon*, or suspend their operations. Should Bacon be substituted for specie as a circulating medium, it is thought that the *Irish Potatoes* might be advantageously made use of for small change. *Balt. Pat.*

The last European war, in which England was engaged, is calculated to have cost her two thousand and forty millions, equal, at five pound per ounce, to eleven thousand four hundred tons of gold.

NEWS FOR THE BLIND.

Comparative happiness is restored to the blind by the work of Abbe Guilfe, director of the royal institution for the blind at Paris. This valuable book has just been translated and printed in London; and it contains many practical means and plain instructions, by which the blind may be taught to read, write and cypher, and to work at various useful trades and manufactures; illustrated with many engravings. In Paris, the original work was printed for the blind!

Astronomy.—It is with real pleasure we witnessed Mr. WALKER'S Astronomical Lecture, on his New Endouranion, at the English Opera House. He has contrived a machine capable of covering the whole of this immense stage, and giving us some idea of the relative size and distances of the planetary system. Like most first representations, some delays took place, but now the whole glides on to the end, as it ought. The Celestina has a fine effect as the curtain rises, and we find, what we highly approve, that as soon as it drops, some air or hymn steals forth, finely executed, from Haydn and Handel, in praise of the Almighty and his works. Surely this union of *sense* and *sound* is well imagined; the words are given, and produce an impression on the contemplative mind, that cannot fail to promote the great cause of religion and true devotion.

It is impossible for the most obtuse genius not to be improved by Mr. Walker's astronomical lectures (now delivering at the East London Theatre,) illustrated as they are in every point by the ingenious scenery on which he demonstrates the positions he has previously laid down.—We, on Tuesday evening, visited his exhibition, and were happy to find it attended by a very numerous audience, who appeared to be highly pleased with his exertions, and most liberally applauded his efforts.

DECEPTION.

Sieur Boaz, slight of hand man, was lately accosted in Carlisle, in the usual style, by a retailer of oranges.—'Well my lad, (says the sieur) how do you sell them?' 'Tuppence a piece, sir,' says the orange dealer. 'High priced, indeed,' rejoined the deceiver, 'however we'll try them.'. Cutting an orange in 4 pieces, 'behold' says the sieur (producing a new guinea from the inside of the orange) 'how your fruit repays me for your extortion. Come I can afford to purchase one more,' and he repeats the same experiment as with the first. 'Well to be sure,' says he, 'they are the first fruit ever found to produce golden seeds.' The sieur then wished to come to terms for the whole basket; but the astonished clodpole, with joyous alacrity, ran out of the house, and reaching home, began to quarter the contents of the basket.. But alas! the *seeds* were no more than the produce of nature—the conjurer alone possessing the GOLDEN ART.—*London pap.*

LINES

Occasioned by the contemplated departure of F. N. from Pittsburgh to West Point.

Alas! my friend you soon will meet,
In this wide world the dark deceit,
Which sad experience still has shown,
Was ne'er to mortal man unknown.

Ah! may you never have to roam,
So far from those you've left at home,
A home where soft affection glows,
Where weary strangers find repose.

But tho' with grief you've left the place,
Where friendships smiles shone on your face;
Yet still you'll meet one generous friend,
Who sympathizing tears will blend.

Filius Esculapii.

Ohio Committee.

THE Managers appointed at the Town Meeting, to adopt measures for cleaning out the Ohio River, between Pittsburgh and Wheeling, are requested to meet at the house of J. B. Oliver, on Monday the 6th September, at 4 o'clock P. M. Punctual attendance is expected.

M. B. LOWRIE, Chairman.

September 3.

SHEET IRON.

A FEW TONS OF

Sheet & Boiler Iron,

FOR SALE LOW, FOR CASH,

BY

A. WAY & CO.

Pittsburgh, September 3.—2aw2m

Frances Davis,

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Pittsburgh and its vicinity, that she has on hand a good assortment of

Beaverett, Castor, Roram and Wool

HATS,

which she will sell low for cash. The following notes will be taken for hats, viz: Juniata bank, Columbia, Indiana and Huntingdon turnpike, Meadville, West Union, New Lisbon, Beaver, Dayton, Franklin bank of Columbus, Uniontown, the banks of Cincinnati and others. The subscriber offers for sale a few hundred

MUSKRAT SKINS.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 3d, 1819.

Bank of the United States,

AUGUST 24, 1819.

THE frequent demands made upon the Bank for the payment of its notes on the production of half notes, alledging the loss of the corresponding halves; and the liability to impositions and fraudulent practices to which it is exposed by paying such claims, from which it is advised it cannot be duly protected by any evidence which may accompany such claims or any security which may be given to indemnify it, render it necessary to refuse the payment of such demands. They grow out of the voluntary act of the party who separates the parts of the notes, and he alone ought to bear the inconveniences and losses consequent upon the act. But as the practice, however improper, has been a common one, and the Bank is unwilling, without apprizing the public of its intention, to withhold even a questionable claim upon it, these demands will be meet with as usual heretofore, until the 1st of November next. But

Notice

is hereby given, that the Bank of the United States will not after the first of November next, hold itself responsible upon any of its notes, which shall be voluntarily cut into parts, except on the production of all the parts.

By order of the Board of Directors.

JONA. SMITH, Cashier.

Sep. 3. t

WESTERN HOTEL,

No. 228 MARKET STREET,

Sign of General Washington.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that he has taken that well known establishment in Market street, next door to the Pittsburgh Mail Stage Office, and lately occupied by Mr. George Yohe. To those who have been accustomed to resort to this house, it is unnecessary to point out its superior advantages. For the information of others we deem it necessary to state that its situation is central, high, healthy and convenient to business; an extensive range of back buildings, consisting of lodging rooms, afford a fine view of the city to the eastward, and admit a free and uninterrupted circulation of air—and what will give them a decided preference in the opinion of many, is the attachment thereto of balconies, so constructed as not only to afford pleasant promenades, but easy means of escape in the event of any necessity from any sudden alarm of fire. The great Western Stages start every morning from the door, and on the premises is one of the best Livery Stables in the city, conducted by Mr. John Tomlinson, where travellers' horses will be faithfully attended to. With these advantages, and some other improvements now making added to his own unremitted exertions to please, the subscriber confidently hopes for, and very respectfully solicits a share of public patronage.

R. Smith.

Philadelphia, August 11.—1aw3mcU'n

TO LET,

THE BRICK TAVERN HOUSE on Turnpike road two miles from Pittsburgh, lately occupied by John Means.—Immediate possession will be given, and a very moderate rent required.—Enquire of

WM. B. FOSTER.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 3d, 1819.

New-Jersey Navigation

LOTTERY.

By authority of the State of New-Jersey, passed February 1819.

To be drawn at CAMDEN, opposite the city of PHILADELPHIA.

SCHEME.

1	prize of	20,000 Dollars	is	20,000
2		10,000 Dollars	is	20,000
4		5,000 Dollars	is	20,000
5		3,000 Dollars	is	15,000
6		2,000 Dollars	is	12,000
25		1,000 Dollars	is	25,000
20		500 Dollars	is	10,000
40		200 Dollars	is	8,000
60		100 Dollars	is	6,000
220		20 Dollars	is	4,400
7960		10 Dollars	is	79,600

8343 Prizes—16657 Blanks—Not two blanks to a prize.

STATIONARY PRIZES.

The first drawn Blank on the

1st day	$3,000	14th day	$1,000
2d	500	15th	1,000
3d	500	16th	1,000
4th	500	17th	1,000
5th	500	18th	2,000
6th	500	19th	2,000
7th	1,000	20th	2,000
8th	1,000	21st	3,000
9th	1,000	22d	3,000
10th	1,000	23d	5,000
11th	1,000	24th	10,000
12th	1,000	25th	20,000
13th	5,000		

WITHOUT DEDUCTION.

To draw THREE times a week, and 1000 numbers each day. Prizes payable without deduction, Sixty days after the drawing is completed, at the Camden Bank.

WHOLE TICKETS $11—SHARES in proportion.

Orders received at

TOWNE'S

Lottery & Exchange Office,

Corner of Third & Wood Streets,

PITTSBURGH.

July 30.——6

DUPONT'S

GUN-POWDER

THE subscribers having receiv'd a general assortment of Powder, manufactured by Messrs. E. J. Dupont, de Nemours & Co. so well known for its superior quality, viz.

OPg, Fg, FFg, FFFg,

Which they offer for sale on the most reasonable terms.

—ALSO—

150 Kegs Nitre-Hall Powder.

FOR SALE BY

GEO. BOGGS & CO.

Pittsburgh, April 9, 1819.

A Most Valuable Estate
FOR SALE.

THAT beautiful estate, commonly known by the name of MONTOURS' or LONG ISLAND, about five miles below Pittsburgh, in the Ohio river, containing in the whole 1,000 acres, is offered for sale. It is divided into three separate tracts, on each of which there are handsome improvements; the land is of the best quality, well timbered, and not subject to overflow. It is universally esteemed, both as to soil and situation, the finest property in the western country. The proprietors would prefer selling the whole in a body, but to suit purchasers, it may be divided into three tracts.

The terms may be known by applying to Major Isaac Craig on the premises, or to the subscriber, who is agent for the proprietors, at his office in Pittsburgh.

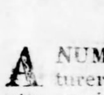
JAMES HALL,
Attorney at Law

Pittsburgh Soap Factory.

THE subscriberss have a SOAP FACTORY in complete operation, and will constantly have a large supply of this article, warranted equal to any manufactured in the country, which they will dispose of at reduced prices.

WM. HILL & BROTHERS.

April 9.



WE wish to let that eligible stand for business at the corner of Market and Front streets, lately in the occupancy of Messrs. Peebles, Tweedy & Co

THE
GOOD INTENT
INN,

Lately occupied by Mrs. Morrow, at the Sign of the Green Tree, corner of Wood and Fourth streets, Pittsburgh,

Furnished for the accomodation of TRAVELLERS and others.

The subscriber, from his GOOD INTENT and the probity and attention of his servants, hopes to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

JAMES B. OLIVER.

Pittsburgh, April 13, 1819.

☞ The Stage Office of the Juniata route is kept at the above Inn.

*** A good, dry CELLAR, 45 feet on Fourth street by 20 back, to rent—Enquire as above.

Copartnership.

WILLIAM & JOHN HILL, having formed a copartnership in trade with their brother JAMES. The business in future will be transacted under the firm of

William Hill and Brothers,

who offer for sale on accomodating termsat their *Wholesale warehouse, in Market, near Front street,*

WITH A LARGE & GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

MERCHANDIZE

Pittsburgh, January 1 1819. ——tf

Pittsburgh Manufacturing Association.

A NUMBER of the Mechanicks and Manufacturers of the City of Pittsburgh and its vicinity, anxious to promote and invigorate that spirit of domestic industry which is so essential to the prosperity of the western country, having entered into an association under the above denomination, inform the public that they have opened a large and convenient Brick Warehouse in Wood Street, between Front and Second Streets, for the reception and sale of the different articles which they manufacture, together with such articles of domestick produce and manufacture as may be deposited for sale, or consigned to their care; and have appointed George Cochran their Chief Clerk or Agent, to whom all orders and communications on the mercantile business of the association, will in future be addressed. They intend to receive, forward and dispose of all goods entrusted to their care, (especially articles of domestick produce and manufacture) on the most reasonable terms, and hope to give satisfaction to those who may please to favour them with their custom and patronage. From the variety and extent of domestic produce and manufactures which may be collected and offered for sale at their Warehouse, with punctuality in paying over the proceeds, and attention to business, a beneficial result is anticipated, as well to the vender as the purchaser.

All orders enclosing the cash for articles manufactured by the members of the association, or sold in their Warehouse, will be promptly and faithfully executed, at the lowest wholesale prices, without any charge for commission, and western current notes taken in payment

It is also intended to exchange manufactured articles for country produce and raw materials, such as Iron, Lead, Wool, Cotton, Sugar, Salt, Whiskey, Bacon, Hogs lard, Butter, Cheese, Flaxseed Oil, Hogs Bristles, Linen, Yarn, Rags.

Annexed is a list of articles now offered for Sale.

GEORGE SUTTON.
President of the Association.

Pittsburgh, April 21, 1819. 6t

Axes, adzes and augers	Nails, an assortment
Balances patent	Patent Ploughs and Mould Boards
Bellows, smith	Planes
Brushes, an assort't	Paper, No. 1, 2, 3, &c.
Buttons, bridle bitts & bridles	Plated Bridle Bits, Stirrup Irons, Bridle Mounting, &c.
Blank books,	Shot
Biscuit and crackers	Saddles, Men and Women's
Castings	Scale Beams
Copper stills, counter weights	Steelyards
Castor frames and crewets	Sawmill Irons
Chairs & cabinet ware, a variety	Soap
Cutlery, a variety,	Shovel and Tongs
Coffee Mills,	Tobacco
Domestic cloth & cord	Tin Ware
Casinet and shawls	Tea Kettles, copper and iron
Drawing chains	Tacks and Sprigs,
Edge tools, a variety	Clouts and Sparables,
Furniture mounting	Whips, Coach, Gig, and Riding, an assortment, at Philadelphia prices
Grindstones	Whiskey, rectified and common
Glass, window, 8 by 10, 10 by 12, 11 by 16	Woffle Irons
Gun barrels assorted	Wire Work;
Hackles, hatchets and hoes	
Hammers	
Hats, an assortment	
Iron, bar and rolled	

With a variety of articles manufactured in Pittsburgh, not enumerated above.

I WILL SELL,

And take stock of the Farmers & Mechanics Bank of Pittsburgh in payment,

NINE ACRES of ground on the bank of the Allegheny river, opposite Pittsburgh, and about 200 yards below Robinson's Ferry—Also a Lot in Mechanic's Retreat. This property will be sold cheap.

JOHN SCULL.

Pittsburgh, July 20, 1819.

N. B. Those persons indebted to me since I declined the printing business in August, 1816, are once more requested to make payment. A failure in one month, from this date, will *positively* subject them to costs and trouble.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE partnership heretofore existing under the firm of the PITTSBURGH STEAM ENGINE COMPANY, is this day dissolved by mutual consent—All those indebted to said firm will please make payment to Mark Stackhouse, who is authorised to settle the business—and those having claims against said firm, will please call on him for payment.

LUTHER STEPHENS,
GEO. EVANS,
MAHLON ROGERS.

Pittsburgh, July 22.

Charles Postley's Patent
COOKING STOVE
OR PORTABLE KITCHENS.

MANUFACTURED and sold by HENRY MILLER & Co in 2d street, two doors from the corner of Wood streets, Pittsburgh.

This Stove with fixtures complete, comprises every necessary article of apparatus for an extensive cooking establishment.

The different sizes are calculated to do the cooking for small or large families, public houses and Steam-boats, and are so extremely simple in their construction as to be managed with ease by a child, twelve or fourteen years of age.

With this Stove may be cooked, by baking, roasting, boiling and by steam, a sufficiency of meats, fish, fowls and vegetables, to make a dinner for from 5 to 100 persons, while at the same time may be baked from 1 to 8 loaves of bread.

A wooden vessel containing from twenty to fifty gallons of water, can also be kept boiling, for the purposes of washing, &c. All these are done simultaneously and with one small fire.

The circumstance of these Stoves having got into very general use at the eastward, within 2 or 3 years past, particularly in the cities of New-York and Baltimore, with the rapid sale and general approbation they have met with since their first introduction last winter, west of the mountains, are sufficient testimonials of their utility and advantage.

The subscribers having purchased of the patentee the right for making and vending said Stoves in the Western country, is ready to execute with punctuality and despatch, all orders at his Manufactory, as above, where also may be had, Cast and Sheet Iron Stoves, suitable for Parlours, Offices, Stores & Bed-rooms, to which boilers may be attached if wanted.

The proprietors to accommodate persons residing in different parts of the country, have opened a store in Main street, Cincinnati, and also appointed agents, as follows—OHIO, N. C. Findly, Zanesville; James Effinger, Lancaster; John M'Coy, Chilicothe. KENTUCKY, Samuel January, Sen. & Co. Maysville; J. & P. Dudley, Frankfort; J. B Bowles, Louisville; Luther Stephens & Co. Lexington. TENNESSEE, Joseph Litton, Nashville. INDIANA, James Cochran, Madison. LOUISIANA, James C. Wilkins, Natchez. MISSOURI TERRITORY, Messrs. Neal and Liggett, St. Louis.

H. MILLER & Co.

May 7, 1819

FOR SALE.
50 groce Bonnet Boards,

Of a superior quality,

100 Reams WRAPPING PAPER,

Roll'd Iron, Nail & Spike Rods,

CUT NAILS.

THOMAS G. LEA & CO.

Pittsburgh, June 2.

Starch Manufactory.

THE subscriber takes the liberty to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has established a STARCH MANUFACTORY, about two miles from this city, near the Turnpike Road, where he is enabled to manufacture Starch of a quality not inferior to any made in England or America—He likewise makes FIG BLUE and HAIR POWDER of a superior quality.

Orders addressed to THOMAS ORBINE, at the Factory or T. C. LEE, Pittsburgh, will be promptly attended to.

July 27.

Valuable Real Estate and Ground Rents for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale, on reasonable terms, the following very valuable real estate and ground rents in the city of Pittsburgh, to wit:

One Lot, situate at the corner of Ferry and Water streets, containing 35 feet front on Water street and the Monongahela river, and 98 feet on Ferry street, now in the possession of Mr. Florence Cotter, and occupied as a grocery and liquor store, and rented at 450 dollars per annum.

Also, one lot situated on the west side of Market street, between First and Second streets, containing 23 feet front on Market street by 70 feet deep, at present unoccupied—formerly occupied as a saddler's shop— for which business or for a dry goods store, it is one of the best stands in the city.

Also—ground rent to the amount of two thousand dollars per annum, secured upon real estate, on which is erected permanent brick buildings, in some of the most conspicuous parts of the city.

The terms upon which this property will be disposed of are of the most advantageous kind.—A very small portion of the purchase money will be required in hand—and the balance may be paid, either in annual instalments, with interest, or in such portions as may be convenient to the purchaser, payment being secured by mortgage or judgement—It being the object of the subscriber to give a long credit.

Application may be made to Walter Forward, Esq. at his office in the Diamond, or to the subscriber in Pitt township, on the turnpike road, three miles from Pittsburgh, who will describe the property and make known the terms of sale.

WILLIAM HAMILTON.

May 16, 1818.——tf

Dupont's Brandywine
POWDER

JUST RECEIVED, 230 KEGS CONSISTING OF

OP, FFg, FFr, FFFr FFF g,

DUPONT'S BRANDYWINE POWDER For Sale, on low terms by

BOSLER, & CO.

November 18, 1818. tf.

Bauduy's
BRANDYWINE POWDER,
110 KEGS

Just received, and For Sale by

WILLIAM M'CANDLESS.

Pittsburgh, February 29. tf

POWDER.

Purviance's Genuine Rough & *GLAZED*

POWDER.

FOR SALE BY

M'DERMOTT & BARTRAM.

Pittsburgh, June 4. 3m

We have on Hand,
800 Reams Wrap. Paper,

CROWN SIZE;

120 Reams Medium Tea-Paper,
440 ditto Fine Quarto Post,
120 Gross Bonnet Boards,
100 ditto Band Box ditto.

For which we will take many of the uncurrent notes in payment.

R. PATTERSON & LAMBDIN.

August 10.

William Crawford,
CABINET MAKER,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public that he has commenced the above business in Fourth, between Market and Wood streets, adjoining the house of Mrs. Wilkins, and that as he is determined to make his work in the best and most fashionable manner, he flatters himself he will obtain a share of public patronage.

☞ Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

Pittsburgh, April 30.——6m

FLAXSEED OIL.

Forty Barrels For Sale

BY

Avery & Steverson,
DRUGGISTS.

Pittsburgh, August 17.

Just Manufactured & For Sale,
AT
TOWNES'

Manufactory, corner of Third and Wood streets, Pittsburgh,

A LARGE AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF ELEGANT

Landscape Paper Hangings

OF ENTIRELY NEW PATTERNS.

J. TOWNE, will furnish the Western Merchants with the above articles as low as they can be bought either in New-York, Philadelphia, or Baltimore. He has also on hand, and will constantly keep, a large assortment of low priced papers suitable for retailing, at the following rates, viz. 50, 56, 62, 75, and 87 cents per Roll. A discount of 5 per cent will be given for prompt payment.

Papers of the above description, may be had at

R. Patterson & Lambdin's

Book & Stationary Store, Fourth street, Pittsburgh,

at the same rates as at the Manufactory.

The Western Merchants will find it their interest in purchasing at Pittsburgh, as they will save, not only the expense of carriage, but also he exchanges between Eastern and Western unds.

☞ All kinds of LOTTERY & EXCHANGE BUSINESS transacted by

J. Towne.

January 15. tf

M'Dermott & Bartram,

At their Warehouse, North-east corner of Market & Fifth streets,

PITTSBURGH,

Have always on hand a large and general assortment of

Groceries, Wines & Liquors,

Which they will sell on low and accommodating terms, being regularly supplied from Philadelphia and Baltimore, and have always on hand the following Articles:

Gunpowder, Imperial, Young Hyson, Hyson Skin, & Souchong } TEAS *of first quality*	Brimstone, Allum, Madder,
Prime Green Coffee in Bags and Barrels,	Cinnamon, Cloves, Nutmegs.
Common ditto,	Alspice, Mace, Ginger,
Spanish flotant & Bengal Indigo,	Pepper, Mustard,
Loaf and lump Sugar,	Madeira, Teneriffe & Lisbon } WINES *of a superior quality*
Muscovado ditto,	4th Proof Cogniac Brandy,
Spanish Cigars,	ditto, Jamaica Spirits
Common ditto,	Holland Gin, Country Gin,
Rice, Copperas,	Whiskey,
English Refined Saltpetre,	Pittsburgh & Kentucky Manufactured Tobacco, &c.

N. B. *ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS.*

November 20. mo3

George Miltenberger,

Bell & Brass Founder,

COPPER-SMITH,

TIN-PLATE & SHEET-IRON WORKER,

Front street, next door to the Post-Office,

Respectfully informs the public that he manufactures and keeps always on hand,

BELLS,

or Churches, Court-houses, Academy's Factory's, Taverns, etc.

Warranted equal to any in the United States—

STILLS,

Of all sizes—Wash, Hatters, Plank, Dye, Stew & Tea

Kettles;

Still-cocks, Rivets, Solder, Block Tin, Spelte Sheet Brass and Sheet Iron,

With a large and general assortment of

Tin Ware.

Pittsburgh, June 22, 1819——tf

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to, or having claims against the estate of the late WILLIAM ROBINSON, of the firm of Robinson & Burgess, are requested to come forward and settle immediately.

JAMES ADAMS,
WM. HERDMAN, } Executors.

August 17.

Henry Bheares,
CHAIR MAKER,

Second, between Wood and Smithfield Streets, at the foot of the Market.

GRATEFUL for past favours, respectfully informs his friends and the public in general, that he has on hand a handsome assortment o FANCY and WINDSOR CHAIRS and SETTEES, which he offers for sale on accommodating terms.

Having determined to execute every article in his line in the best and most fashionable manner, he flatters himself from that conduct and assiduous attention to business, to merit a share of public patronage.

Orders from a distance can be filled with articles of workmanship equal, if not superior to any made here, and perhaps on more moderate terms.

Wanted immediately, a person who is well acquainted with *Chair Painting* and *Ornamenting*, to whom good wages will be given.

One or two Apprentices wanted to the above business. Boys from the country will be preferred. Pittsburgh, May 11, 1819.

NEW MUSIC.

THE subscriber has just received an additiona supply of

New Music and Musical

INSTRUMENTS.

Which with his stock on hand, comprises the most complete assortment ever offered in this place—consisting of

VIOLINS	from	$ 3 to 30
Flutes		3 to 15
Clarionets		10 to 16
Flageolets		1 to 9
Fifes		50 cents to 2
Violin Bows		1 to 9
Violencellos		40

Also a variety of New Music, Fashionable Airs, Songs, &c.

And STRINGS of every description.

N. RICHARDSON.

Pittsburgh, March 23.

NOTICE.

GLASER & CO. have resigned their business in this city, to GLASER & CAMMANN, who will continue the same on their own account.

All persons having any demands against *Glaser & Co.* will please to present their accounts, and those indebted to the same to make immediate payment to Glaser & Cammann.

GLASER & CO.

Pittsburgh, February 15, 1819.

Augustus Henry Glaser,
AND
Hermann H. C. Cammann,

Have formed a connextion in the

Commission Business,

under the firm of GLASER & CAMMANN.

AUGUSTUS HENRY GLASER, HERMANN H. C. CAMMANN,

Who have for Sale at their Ware-House in Front Street between Market and Wood Streets,

American Boiler Iron,	Conemaugh Salt,
Nails, Scythes,	Teas,
Cutting Knives,	A few barrels Mackarel,
Window Glass, all sizes,	Blankets,
Porter Bottles,	Canton Crapes, &c.
Hollow Ware	

Barley Wanted.

THE subscribers having entered into copartnership, are at present establishing a NEW-BREWERY in Pittsburgh, near the foundry of Anthony Beelen, on the Monongahela river, and adjoining the Brewery owned by Thomas Baird & Son, which they mean to designate as

THE

Pittsburgh Brewery No. 4.

At which will be given the highest market price in cash for any quantity of

Good Merchantable Barley,

Which will be received as soon as convenient for the farmers to deliver it. Those who wish to make enquiry before delivery, will please to call with Robert Graham, esq. corner of Market and Second streets, or with the subscribers on the premises.

VARNER, COLWELL, & Co.

August 17. tf

One Dollar per bushel

WILL BE GIVEN FOR GOOD

Merchantable Barley,

AT THE UNION BREWERY.

Brown & Scott.

Pittsburgh, August 16, 1819.

Cut Tacks and Sprigs.

Ormsby and Doane,

HAVE or sale, *Cut Tacks and Sprigs* of all *sizes*, from the Abington Factory, (Massachusetts.) being appointed agents for the sale of those articles, offer them at the manufacturing prices, with the addition of carriage and charges.

Orders for Tacks and Sprigs received and attended to.

Pittsburgh, October 22

Brandywine Gun-Powder.

JUST RECEIVED

And For Sale by the subscriber,

200 KEGS FF FFF

This Powder is warranted equal, if not superior, to any other in the United States, being made by Mr Bauduy, the original manufacturer at Brandywine.

N. RICHARDSON.

Pittsburgh, January 29, 1819

PATENT PLOUGHS

THE SUBSCRIBERS

WISH to inform the public that they have made such arrangements as will enable them to manufacture Ploughs in a superior style, and on the most reasonable terms. The iron mole will be ground completely smooth, and the Plough warranted to run well. A discount will be made to merchants and others at a distance, who purchase to sell again. All orders will be filled without delay.

They also carry on the

Coach & Wheelwright business,

In all its various branches, where Coaches, Gigs Stages, Waggons, Carts, Drays, &c. will be made and repaired in the best manner, and on the shortest notice.

WM. & ROBERT LECKY.

Pittsburgh, February 26.——tf

Crate Warehouse.

H. LANGTRY & Co.

In Third, near Market street,

Have received in addition to their former stock

20 Crates Queensware

which will be sold low for cash. They have also received direct from England

50 *CASKS & BUNDLES*

HARDWARE,

Comprising a general assortment—consisting, in part, of

50 dozen WALDRON'S Grass and Grain SCYTHES,
Copper and patent metal Tea-kettles,
Sauce-pans, Coffee-mills, and Frying-pans,
Spades, Shovels, Anvils and Vices,
Cross-cut, mill, hand, pannel and brass-back'd SAWS,
Locks, latches, hinges, screws and bolts,
Table, desert, pen & pocket knives & carvers,
Straw, drawing, saddlers and curriers knives,
Shoe and butcher knives, razors and scissors,
Chissels, plane-irons, braces and bitts,
Squares, rules and compasses,
Files, rasps, combs and brushes,
Adzes, hammers and steelyards,
Brass wire and chain, Pulleys and scale-beams
Gun and Rifle locks, shot-belts and flints,
Common and plated SADDLERY,
30 faggots Crowley M. Steel

IN STORE,

Wrought and cut Nails, Soal Leather,
Prime SHAD—caught this season.

ON CONSIGNMENT,

15 *grose Eagle and Broom CARDS.*

Pittsburgh, June 18. 1aw8t.

M. P. Cassilly,

Market, between Third and Fourth streets,

IS OPENING

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

British, French, India and Domestic

DRY GOODS,

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